

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI2363

Specification

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P10515
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 69 kDa ; Observed, 71 kDa KDa
Gene Name	DLAT
Aliases	DLAT; Dihydrolipoamide S-Acetyltransferase; PDC-E2; DLTA; E2; Dihydrolipoyllysine-Residue Acetyltransferase Component Of Pyruvate; Dehydrogenase Complex, Mitochondrial; Dihydrolipoamide Acetyltransferase Component Of Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex; 70 KDa Mitochondrial Autoantigen Of Primary Biliary Cirrhosis; E2 Component Of Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex; Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex Component E2; M2 Antigen Complex 70 KDa Subunit; EC 2.3.1.12; PDCE2; PBC; Dihydrolipoyllysine-Residue Acetyltransferase; EC 2.3.1 A synthesized peptide derived from human DLAT
Immunogen	

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **1737**

Other Names

Dihydrolipoyllysine-residue acetyltransferase component of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, mitochondrial, 2.3.1.12, 70 kDa mitochondrial autoantigen of primary biliary cirrhosis, PBC, Dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase component of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, M2 antigen complex 70 kDa subunit, Pyruvate dehydrogenase complex component E2, PDC-E2, PDCE2, DLAT (HGNC:2896), DLTA

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name DLAT ([HGNC:2896](#))

Synonyms DLTA

Function

The pyruvate dehydrogenase (PDH) complex, catalyzes the overall conversion of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA and CO₂, and thereby links cytoplasmic glycolysis and the mitochondrial tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle (Probable). It contains multiple copies of three enzymatic components: pyruvate dehydrogenase (E1), dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase (E2) and dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase (E3); (Probable). Within this complex, the catalytic function of this enzyme is to accept, and to transfer to coenzyme A, acetyl groups from acetyl- lipoyl moiety generated by the pyruvate dehydrogenase, leading to acetyl-CoA formation (Probable).

Cellular Location

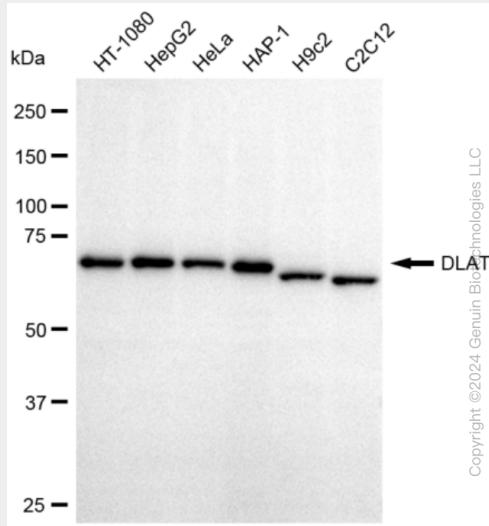
Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P08461}

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

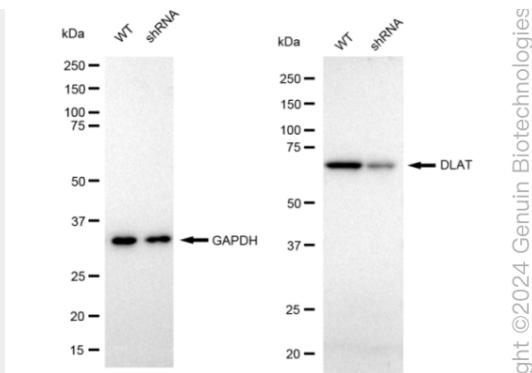
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KD-Validated Anti-DLAT Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

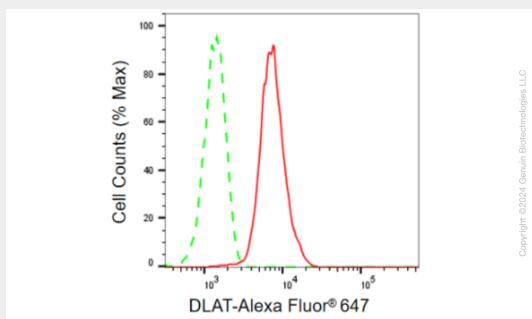


Western blotting analysis using anti-DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



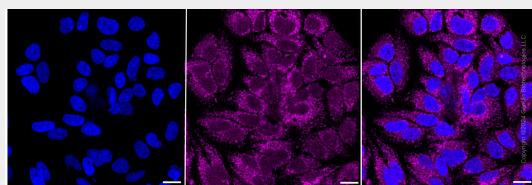
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Western blotting analysis using anti-DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363). DLAT expression in wild type (WT) and DLAT shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 30 µg of total cell lysates. GAPDH serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



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Flow cytometric analysis of DLAT expression in HepG2 cells using DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, DLAT.



Immunocytochemical staining of HepG2 cells with DLAT antibody (Cat#AGI2363, 1:1,000). Nuclei were stained blue with DAPI; DLAT was stained magenta with Alexa Fluor® 647. Images were taken using Leica stellaris 5. Protein abundance based on laser Intensity and smart gain: Medium. Scale bar: 20 µm.